

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A./B.Sc./B.Com. Degree Examination, July 2023

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Double Main Programme

Language Course I – English

EN 1311.5 : ENGLISH FOR CAREER

(2020 Admission Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Answer **all** the following questions. Follow the instructions given in the brackets wherever needed.

1. The correct spelling of the word 'dinamic' is _____
2. The word that is the synonym of "deserted" is _____
3. Find the correct meaning of the idiom in the italics

When Ron said he lost his report card, his mother *smelt a rat*.

4. _____ is the noun form of 'emigrate'.
5. Michelle _____ (choose) to join Cambridge University because she _____ (want) to make a difference.
6. When you told him the story? (Correct the sentence)

P.T.O.



7. The stranger asked me where is the post office. (Underline the error)
8. An _____ is the film director who is involved in all the audio-visual elements of his films.
9. She doesn't work in a hotel, _____ (Complete the sentence with a question tag)
10. He is a person whom we all _____ (Use the appropriate phrasal verb which means "to respect and admire")
- (a) Look for (b) look at (c) look up to (d) look down at
- (10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer any **eight** of the following questions :

11. Provide one-word substitutes for any **two** of the phrases
- (a) A piece of writing about the writer's journeys to different places
- (b) A paved public walk
- (c) Fraudulent emails that make one to reveal personal data
- (d) A person who collects stamps
12. Give the synonyms of **two** of the following words :
- (a) Outlook
- (b) vow
- (c) hilarious
13. Give the antonyms of **two** of the following words :
- (a) Conserved
- (b) Vague
- (c) Unknown



14. Make sentences of your own with any **two** of the following phrasal verbs :
- (a) ran into
 - (b) turned up
 - (c) to make light of
 - (d) made off with
15. Choose the correct option from the brackets :
- (a) This room is very stuffy! Please open all the windows, I'm feeling _____ (claustrophobic/cloistered)
 - (b) I'm just waiting for my father's nod of _____ so that I can go abroad to work. (assent / asset)
16. Fill in the blanks using a collective noun from those given below :
- (band, pride, herd, bunch, clutch)
- (a) We saw a _____ of elephants moving across the river bed.
 - (b) The rock _____ has been on tour for months.
17. Fill in the blanks using the suitable degree of the adjective given in brackets :
- (a) Lead is _____ than any other metal. (heavy)
 - (b) He thinks he is _____ than his father. (wise)
- Correct the error in the words given in italics :
18. (a) Environmental degradation is a *pereniel* problem for humans today.
(b) My cousin like fruits of *forin* countries.
19. (a) Your targets are *to achieving* before the end of this month.
(b) The clothes were all washed and *hanged out* to dry.
20. (a) The final year students were busy writing in one another's *ottographs*.
(b) We should plant more trees to prevent environmental *degration*.



21. Fill in the blanks with suitable verbs/nouns from those given in brackets (a pair of, was, gold, has, is)

- (a) _____ our table tennis team playing in the tournament?
- (b) Five kilometres _____ too long a distance for her to walk.
- (c) One of these books _____ my name written on it.
- (d) Will you buy Raja _____ socks when you go out?
- (e) _____ is an expensive metal these days.

22. Read the paragraph and answer the question given below :

Bacon calls the riches, the baggage of virtue for :

As the baggage is to an army, so riches are to virtue. They cannot be spread nor left behind. Yet only hinder the march. Wealth brings care in its train. Pride goes with it. And where there is pride, there can be no real virtue. What did Christ say of a rich man? "Verily, I say unto you, it is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle, than for rich man to enter the Kingdom of God".

- (a) Riches are called the beggar of virtue. Why?
- (b) It is difficult for a man of riches to get into the kingdom of God, Why?

23. Fill in the blanks using the correct form of comparison given in brackets :

- (a) Anurag is _____ than Prem. (brave)
- (b) Iron is _____ than wood (hard)
- (c) This is the _____ of all books that I have read so far. (funny)
- (d) Reshma is the _____ girl among them all. (wise)



24. Read the paragraph and answer the question given below :

The oft repeated claim that the amazon rainforest produces 20% of our planet's oxygen is based on a misunderstanding. In fact nearly all Earth's breathable oxygen originated in the oceans, and there is enough of it to last for millions of years. There are many reasons to be appalled by this year's Amazon fires, but depleting Earth's oxygen supply is not one of them.

- (a) The oft repeated claim that the amazon rainforest produces 20% of our planet's oxygen is based on a misunderstanding. Why?
- (b) Identify the word which means 'horrified'?

25. Read the following paragraph and answer the questions given below :

We do not know how to manage our machines. Machines were made to be mans servants: yet he has grown so dependent on them that they are in a fair way to become his masters. Already most men spend most of their lives looking after and waiting upon machines. And machines are very stern masters. They must be fed with coal, and given petrol to drink, and oil to wash with, and must be kept at the right temperature, and if they do not get their meats when they expect them, they grow sulky and refuse to work, or burst with rage, and blow up and spread ruin and destruction all around them.

- (a) What has gone wrong in man's handling of machines?
- (b) What does "stern masters" mean?

26. Read the passage given below.

Fill in the blanks by choosing the most appropriate word/phrases from the given options. (could, biggest, must)

One of the (a) _____ problems facing the world today is global warming. Many scientists believe that our production of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases is having a heating effect on the atmosphere and this (b) _____ be very dangerous for human life. We (c) _____ examine the problem of global warming and suggest some ways of solving it.

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)



III. Answer any **six** of the following questions :

27. Fill in the blanks with the correct option :

- (a) The server at the bank was _____ by cyber criminals. (morphed/hacked)
- (b) The militants _____ all exit routes from the airport in order to escape the police. (constructed/sabotaged)
- (c) His decision to relocate to his native town was a _____ one (Judicious/judicial)
- (d) Sachin scored centuries in both the _____ (innings/inning)

28. Fill in the blanks with suitable phrases from those given in brackets (look after, speak up, fill in, stayed out, take off)

- (a) Could you _____ this application form, please?
- (b) Could you _____ my car for a moment, please?
- (c) If you don't _____ we can't hear you.
- (d) I'm tired because I _____ too late last night.
- (e) The plane will _____ late because of the bad weather.

29. Correct the error in four of the following sentences :

- (a) I gonna get a new cat
- (b) What time it is?
- (c) The old car don't need to be fixed.
- (d) If I ever go to Italy, I like you to come with me.
- (e) When I was three years old I can tie my shoes.



30. Correct the error in the section in italics in four of the following sentences :

- (a) I am supposed to join you *at two* in the afternoon, *aren't I*?
- (b) I have spoken to him but *what he could do* is another matter.
- (c) *You don't walk* on the grass, the signboard says.
- (d) *Such tall* the children have grown.
- (e) Dr. Shah will be leading the surgical team, *will he*?

31. Fill in the blanks with the suitable pronouns from those given in brackets :

(him, you, we, her, it, us, them, me)

- (a) Paul gives us lots of strawberries when _____ visit _____
- (b) We sometimes send _____ a postcard.
- (c) Where are the books? I can't find _____
- (d) There's Anne. Tell _____ "hello"!
- (e) Andrew and his sister will arrive on the next plane. I am going to pick _____ up.
- (f) We're planning to go to the movies on Saturday night. Would you like to come with _____ ?
- (g) Do you feel okay? Can I help _____
- (h) I'm busy right now. Could you please call _____ after an hour?
- (i) Who is she? Do you know _____ name?
- (j) I almost never eat junk food because _____ isn't healthy.



32. Correct the error in the sections in italics :

- (a) They *hadn't scarcely* enough feed for their cattle.
- (b) Have you read *where there* was an earthquake in China?
- (c) A bus runs *passed* our house.
- (d) We all *swum* at the beach yesterday.

33. Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets :

(access, scientifically, excavated, legendary, interment, decorated, represent)

As the favourite wife of the pharaoh Ramses II, Nefatari was provided with a beautifully (1) _____ tomb in the valley of the Queens to which Professor Anderson was recently given (2) _____. Although plundered in ancient times, the tomb was first (3) _____ by Italian archaeologists in 1904, still contained objects which were sent to the Egyptian Museum in Turin. This included a pair of mummified legs which could have been part of a later (4) _____ as was often the case in other tombs in the region. But as the legs had never been (5) _____ investigated, it was decided to undertake the recent study to find out if the legs could actually (6) _____ all that remained of one of Egypt's most (7) _____ queens.

34. Read the passage and answer the questions given below :

When another old cave is discovered in the south of France, it is not usually news. Rather, it is an ordinary event. Such discoveries are so frequent these days that hardly anybody pays heed to them. However, when the Lascaux cave complex was discovered in 1940, the world was amazed. Painted directly on its walls were hundreds of scenes showing how people lived thousands of years ago. The scenes show people hunting animals, such as bison or wild cats. Other



images depict birds and, most noticeably, horses, which appear in more than 300 wall images, by far outnumbering all other animals. Early artists drawing these animals accomplished a monumental and difficult task. They did not limit themselves to the easily accessible walls but carried their painting materials to spaces that required climbing steep walls or crawling into narrow passages in the Lascaux complex. Unfortunately, the paintings have been exposed to the destructive action of water and temperature changes, which easily wear the images away. Because the Lascaux caves have many entrances, air movement has also damaged the images inside.

- (a) The words pays heed to are closest in meaning to _____
- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| (i) Discovers | (ii) Watches |
| (iii) Notices | (iv) Buys |
- (b) According to the passage, which animals appear most often on the cave walls?
- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| (i) Birds | (ii) Bison |
| (iii) Horses | (iv) Wild cats |
- (c) The word depict is closest in meaning to _____
- | | |
|-------------|-----------|
| (i) Show | (ii) Hunt |
| (iii) Count | (iv) Draw |
- (d) In the line "They did not limit themselves to the easily accessible walls", the word They refers to _____
- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| (i) Walls | (ii) Artists |
| (iii) Animals | (iv) Materials |



35. Read the passage and answer the questions given below :

There has never been conceived or made by man any instrument, machine or contrivance, capable of such diversity of usefulness as the human hand. Nothing has ever existed with such infinite adaptability to various need, or capable of being trained to such degrees of dexterity and versatility. Nor is it likely that as perfect a machine, will ever be produced by human skill, for the only thing, the human hand cannot do is, to create an instrument as perfect as itself.

- (a) Why is the human hand so useful?
- (b) 'Adaptability' means _____
- (c) _____ in the passage means 'an apparatus using mechanical power and having several parts, each with a definite function and together performing a particular task.'
- (d) Can as perfect an instrument as the human hand be ever created by man?
 - (i) Can be created.
 - (ii) There are similar instruments as useful as the human hand.
 - (iii) Human hand or mind is incapable of making a similar machine as human hand.

36. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the words in brackets.

It has been : (a) _____ (observation) that drivers have become more careless and rasher these days. The Traffic police committee has (b) _____ (decision) to take this disregard for traffic rules very seriously. CCTV cameras will be monitored at all times and the traffic offenders will be (c) _____ (catch) immediately by the police at the next junction. It has (d) _____ (be) decided to (e) _____ (penalty) the first instance of law break with a fine and the second with the (f) _____ (cancel) of the driving license.



37. Fill in the blanks with suitable phrases from those given in brackets :

(make up, turned up, went off, ran out, called off, look into, look up, look for)

- (a) The workers ————— the strike.
- (b) The boys ————— at the stroke of the bail.
- (c) Surprisingly very few guests ————— for the wedding.
- (d) A bomb ————— near the park yesterday.

38. Correct the error in four of the following sentences :

- (a) More than one attempt were made to rush on to the stage.
- (b) The Central Government not only provided the funds but the personnel also.
- (c) His wife, as well as his children are ashamed of him.
- (d) John thinks he is superior than everybody else.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Answer any **two** of the following questions, choosing **one** from each group.

GROUP – A

39. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below :

Madame Loisel came to know the ghastly life of abject poverty. From the very first she played her part heroically. This fearful debt must be paid off. She would pay it. The servant was dismissed. They changed their flat, they took a garret under the roof.

She came to know the heavy work of the house, the hateful duties of the kitchen. She washed the plates, wearing out her pink nails on the coarse pottery and the bottoms of pans. And, clad like a poor woman, she went to the fruiterer, to the grocer, to the butcher, a basket on her arm, haggling, insulted, fighting for very wretched halfpenny of her money. Every month notes had to be paid off, others



renewed, time gained. Her husband worked in the evenings at putting straight a merchant's accounts, and often at night he did copying at two pence-halfpenny a page. And this life lasted ten years. At the end of ten years everything was paid off, everything, the usurer's charges and the accumulation of superimposed interest.

Madame Loisel looked old now. She had become like all the other strong, hard, coarse women of poor households. Her hair was badly done, her skirts were awry, her hands were red. She spoke in a shrill voice, and the water slopped all over the floor when she scrubbed it. But sometimes, when her husband was at the office, she sat down by the window and thought of that evening long ago, of the ball at which she had been so beautiful and so much admired. What would have happened if she had never lost those jewels. Who knows? Who knows? How strange life is, how fickle! How little is needed to ruin or to save! One Sunday, as she had gone for a walk along the Champs-Élysées to freshen herself after the labours of the week, she caught sight suddenly of a woman who was taking a child out for a walk. It was Madame Forestier, still young. Still beautiful, still attractive. Madame Loisel was conscious of some emotion. Should she speak to her? Yes, certainly. And now that she had paid, she would tell her all. Why not? She went up to her. 'Good morning. Jeanne.'

The other did not recognise her, and was surprised at being thus familiarly addressed by a poor woman. 'But.. Madame... she stammered. 'I don't know... you must be making a mistake.'

'No... I am Mathilde Loisel'

Her friend uttered a cry, 'Oh!... my poor Mathilde, how you have changed!... Yes, I've had some hard times since I saw you last; and many sorrows... and all on your account.'



'On my account! ... How was that?'

all on your account.' 'You remember the diamond necklace you lent me for the ball at the Ministry?

'Yes. Well?'

'Well, I lost it.'

'How could you? Why, you brought it back,'

'I brought you another one just like it. And for the last ten years we have been paying for it. You realise it wasn't easy for us; we had no money.... Well, it's paid for at last, and I'm glad indeed.'

Madame Forestier had halted. 'You say you bought a diamond necklace to replace mine?' 'Yes. You hadn't noticed it? They were very much alike.' And she smiled in proud and innocent happiness.

Madame Forestier, profoundly moved, took her two hands. 'Oh, my poor Mathilde! But mine was imitation. It was worth at the very most five hundred francs!..'

(a) The word 'ghastly' in the passage is closest in meaning to

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| (i) Shocking | (ii) Horrifying |
| (iii) Grim | (iv) Forbidding |

(b) The word 'abject' means

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| (i) uncomfortable | (ii) horrible |
| (iii) unfortunate | (iv) illogical |

(c) Find the word which has a similar meaning to the word 'capricious' in the passage.

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| (i) Hagglng | (ii) Attractive |
| (iii) Conscious | (iv) Fickle |



- (d) Identify the statement which is true.
- (i) Madame Loisel led a happy life once upon a time
 - (ii) Madame Loisel was dishonest and guilty of a fraudulent act
 - (iii) Madame Loisel was cheated by her friend
 - (iv) It was an original diamond necklace that Madame Forestier had lent Madame Loisel.
- (e) What caused Madame Loisel to become so poor?
- (i) The loss of a diamond necklace
 - (ii) Her greed for jewels
 - (iii) Her lazy and irresponsible husband had squandered away all the wealth
 - (iv) All of the above
- (f) Why does Madame Loisel say that her hardships were all on account of her friend?
- (i) Because Madame Forestier had forced Madame Loisel to borrow the necklace
 - (ii) Because she never told Madame Loisel that it was an imitation necklace
 - (iii) Because if she had not borrowed the necklace she would not have had to struggle for ten years
 - (iv) She did not return the original diamond necklace



- (g) 'How strange life is, how fickle!' Explain with reference to the context.
- (h) Why was Madame forestier not able to recognise Madame Loisel when they met after ten years?
- (i) Comment on the ironic ending of the story.
- (j) What message does the story convey?

40. Answer **all** the following questions :

Fill in the blanks with suitable tense forms of the verbs given in brackets.

- (a) Nadella _____ (choose) to join Microsoft because he _____ (want) to make a difference.
- (b) It _____ (be) an honour for him to lead and serve the company.
- (c) We _____ (go) for a movie yesterday. _____ (Do) you _____ (know) that my friend's daughter _____ (act) in that movie? She _____ (play) the role of the heroine's younger sister, but it _____ (be) an important role. None of us _____ (expect) her to do so well, but she _____ (do) a great job. I _____ (hear) that she even _____ (win) an award for her role. Our club _____ (host) a reception for her when she _____ (come) to our town next month.

Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions :

- (d) He warned you _____ the danger, but you did not listen _____ him.
- (e) France is famous _____ its perfumes. You are looking _____ some _____ the most expensive brands available _____ this country.
- (f) This company deals _____ electronic goods. Ajay's been working here as Manager _____ two years now. Earlier he was _____
- (g) Rewrite the following sentence in to active voice
 - (i) Cricket is played in most countries today.
 - (ii) Will you be supported by your friends in this venture?



41. Read the passage and answer the questions given below :

Muhammad Yunus, the founder of Grameen Bank, is a Bangladeshi banker, author and economist whose focus on microcredit and microfinance concepts led to him being awarded the Nobel Prize in 2006 for efforts to create economic and social development from below'. Yunus was born in 28 June 1940 in Chittagong. His father was jeweler and his mother was his role model; a women who helped anyone that knocked on their door. After high school and college, Yunus completed his PhD in Economics in the US and worked as an assistant professor of Economics till 1972, when he returned to Bangladesh. It was during this time that Yunus would stumble across an idea that lead to him helping millions of poverty people and would lead to him being awarded the Nobel Prize.

In 1974, Bangladesh suffered from a famine, resulting from rain and massive flooding that devastated crops. And the people of Bangladesh received no relief or aid from other countries. Yunus began to be actively involved in poverty reduction. He established a rural economic program as a research project and visited the poorest households in a village near Cittagong. He interviewed a woman who was making bamboo stools and learnt that she was being charged exorbitant rates for her loans, and thus was barely making a profit. He realized the potential for recovery then and there and in an exhibition of practical economics, loaned the equivalent of twenty-seven US dollars to forty-two women in the village. It was his first loan. With more advantageous rates, these women were able to raise their profits and manage better than before. Without these new rates, the women would likely have been stuck in a rut for the rest of their lives. Yunus realized that on a smaller scale, microfinance and microcredit could really help Bangladesh's struggle with poverty.

(a) The prefix _____ is used in the passage for 'small scale'.

(b) The word 'devasted' means _____

(i) Devoid

(ii) Desperate

(iii) Destroyed

(iv) Deserted



- (c) The phrase that means 'without any change or improvement' is _____
- (d) The phrase 'from below' in the first sentence is used in the sense of _____
- (i) Below sea level (ii) From a disadvantaged country
- (iii) Below poverty line (iv) None of the above
- (e) The word closest in meaning to exorbitant is _____
- (i) Ineffective (ii) Expected
- (iii) Easily available (iv) Highly priced
- (f) The word 'rates' is related to _____
- (i) Cost (ii) Interest
- (iii) Profit (iv) Loss
- (g) The word that is the antonym of 'urban' is _____
- (h) 'Exhibition of ' means _____
- (i) Display (ii) Open Mindedness
- (iii) Expression (iv) None of the above
- (i) The wrongly spelt word is
- (i) Exorbitant (ii) Advantageous
- (iii) Microcredit (iv) Potential
- (j) The correctly spelt word is
- (i) Poverty struck (ii) Exhibition
- (iii) Famin (iv) Poverty Stricken



- (k) I suppose the headmaster himself will _____ the matter now.
- (i) Look into (ii) Look at
(iii) Look out for (iv) Look up
- (l) In spite of our best efforts at secrecy, my mother _____ our plans for a surprise party.
- (i) Turn up (ii) Got wind of
(iii) Caught up with (iv) Wound up
- (m) A person who studies human cultures and societies is _____
- (i) A philologist (ii) An archaeologist
(iii) An anthropologist (iv) A linguist
- (n) Correct the spelling of the following word and make a sentence of your own 'necessity'

Find the antonyms of the words in italics :

- (o) *Escalating* prices cause hardship to the poor.
- (i) Fixed (ii) Falling
(iii) Reasonable (iv) Fluctuating

GROUP – B

42. Answer **all** the following questions :

Fill in the blanks with suitable modal auxiliaries from the list given below.

(will, would, should, can, must, might, needs dare, used to)

- (a) Sara _____ to do some exercises for her shoulder, otherwise she _____ need a surgery.
- (b) You _____ have spoken rudely to her, otherwise she _____ not have left soon.



- (c) _____ you sing a song for Tara's birthday? You _____ sing so well when we were in school.
- (d) I _____ not climb up the hill, it _____ be slippery after such heavy rain.
- (e) _____ you be coming tomorrow? We really _____ complete that file.

Complete the following sentences with suitable verbs and corresponding question tags :

- (f) You aren't coming to college tomorrow, _____?
- (g) Rahman _____ the boy who stood first in class, isn't he?
- (h) Jaya goes to the library every Saturday, _____?
- (i) Let us all go for a movie next Sunday, _____?
- (j) _____ as tall as Rosy, aren't I?

Insert the adverb given in brackets in the correct position in the sentence :

- (k) She impressed him by her singing. (greatly)
- (l) There was nothing to do but wait for the next bus to arrive. (else)
- (m) He admires my clothes. (always)
- (n) This room is big enough for all of us to sleep in. (enough)
- (o) The new tax structure is tough on the middle classes. (rather)

43. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below :

Kodaikanal, 2,100 m above the sea level, is a lovely hill resort which lie amidst the grandeur of the Palani hills in the Madurai district. The nearest railhead is Kodaikanal Road under the Southern Railways. From Kodaikanal road one has to travel 80 kilometres by road to reach Kodaikanal. Two-third of the motor journey up the hill through the Western Ghats is an exciting experience with the vista and the scenery changing at every bend and curve on the mountain road. Coffee plantations are found at a height of 900m.



As one goes up the road, a variety of trees and flowering plants greets the eye and the fragrance of eucalyptus and roses fill the air. The most striking attraction of Kodaikanal is the famous Kodai Lake, which is surrounded by 5 km. road. It was planned by Sir Vere Levinge, the Collector of Madurai in 1863, and formed by banking up a vast area of marshy land with small streams. A walk along the promenade skirting the lake is an exhilarating experience and boating on the lake is a popular pastime for visitors.

- (a) _____ is a synonym used in the passage for 'a pleasing view'.
- (b) The word 'grandeur' means _____
- | | |
|---------------------|----------------|
| (i) huge | (ii) modest |
| (iii) extraordinary | (iv) splendour |
- (c) Find one word for 'a paved public walk' from the passage.
- (d) _____ is a synonym for 'swampy'.
- (e) The word closest in meaning to 'exhilarate' is _____
- | | |
|----------------|-------------------|
| (i) pathetic | (ii) excite |
| (iii) composed | (iv) affectionate |
- (f) 'Fragrance' is related to _____
- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| (i) taste | (ii) smell |
| (iii) nerves | (iv) touch |
- (g) The antonym of unknown is _____
- (h) The word which means 'bordering the lake' is _____
- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| (i) skirting | (ii) moving along |
| (iii) to wear a skirt | (iv) none of these |
- (i) The wrongly spelt word is
- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| (i) exhilarate | (ii) exuberant |
| (iii) colector | (iv) boating |
- (j) The correctly spelt word is
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| (i) vissta | (ii) marshy |
| (iii) scenari | (iv) bankieng |



Use the most suitable word/phrase/idiom to complete the sentence :

- (k) The captain thanked the crowd for their _____ support throughout the tournament.
- (i) silent (ii) noisy
(iii) vociferous (iv) none of the above
- (l) What do you expect after the performance, brickbats or _____
- (i) bouquets (ii) baskets
(iii) biscuits (iv) bells
- (m) This achievement of yours _____ a party.
- (i) deserves (ii) calls for
(iii) invite over (iv) none of the above

Use the most suitable formal term to complete the sentences :

- (n) The Office has undergone a complete _____ under the new CEO.
- (i) change (ii) make over
(iii) difference (iv) metamorphosis
- (o) He had the _____ to prove that he was the best person for the job.
- (i) credentials (ii) experience
(iii) know how (iv) knowledge

44. Spot the error in the underlined sections in the following sentences. If there is no error, the answer is 'd' :

- (a) You may go to your classes now, The Teacher said. No error
- A B C D

- (b) Ravi asked Megha whether she is submitted her assignment
- A B

the class teacher. No error

C D



