

Reg. No. :

Name :

Fourth Semester B.A./B.Sc. Degree Examination, May 2021

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Language Course (Additional Language) : LATIN

LT 1411 : 1 - CULTURE AND CIVILISATION IN LATIN

(2013, 2015-2018 Admn.)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART – A

Responde omnibus

1. Explica '*confarreatio*'.

2. Expande 'RIP'

Indica verum (T) an falsum (F)

3. Ulfilas translated the New Testament into Gothic

4. West teutonic is the branch to which English belongs.

5. What is the sub-dialect in which historians like Herodotus wrote?

6. In which language Dante wrote his literary works?

7. What is the ancient Roman game which resembled chess or checkers?

8. Explica '*Tablinum*'

9. Describe '*dies lustricus*'

10. Qui erat Vesta?

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

PART – B

Responde octo de datis

11. Adepta aptum cum apto

- | | | |
|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| (a) Upanishads | - | Ecclesiastical writer |
| (b) Cicero | - | Russian |
| (c) East Slavic | - | Indian |
| (d) Venerable Bede | - | golden age of Latin |

12. Explica

Casus in lingua Latina

13. Scribe breviter de sequentibus verbis

- (a) Tunica
- (b) Vulgate

14. Redde Anglice

- (a) Vir longam epistolam ad reginam mittit.
- (b) Pueri cum ancilla in horto ludunt.

15. Redde Latine

- (a) They build good roads, large buildings and beautiful temples
- (b) The boy frightens the girls with a sword.

16. Write the Latin root of the following English words :

- (a) Amateur
- (b) Constellation.

17. What the Ancient Romans did when a baby was born?
18. Briefly describe the duties of '*Pater familia*'.
19. Explica '*Duodecim Scripta*' et '*Latrunculi*'.
20. Briefly describe ancient Roman religion.
21. Explain the etymological difference between '*Lux*' and '*Lex*'.
22. Briefly explain Pompey's contribution to ancient Roman theatre.

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

PART – C

Responde sex de datis

Explica sententias datas

23. "milch" and "milk", "bread", "vater" and "father" are words which diverged from a common form: Discuss.
24. Toga, paludamentum and soleae" as military dress in ancient Rome.
25. What are the major differences between Latin and English.
26. Explain Armenian language in the Indo - European family.
27. Jacobs Grimm's findings regarding correspondence between the consonants in some Latin words and their English equivalent.
28. How the Ancient Romans buried a dead man?
29. What is dialect? What was the dialect of people of Latium?
30. What were the means of transportation of the Ancient Romans?
31. Which are the eight living branches of Indo-European family?

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

PART – D

Responde duo de datis

32. Write an essay on the Indo European Languages.
33. Ancient Roman Entertainment.
34. Vir longam _____ 1 _____ (epistolis, epistolae, epistolam) ad reginam mittit.
_____ 2 _____ (Parvus, parvas, Parvi) pueri sub mensa ludunt.
Pueri, cum amicis vestris in _____ 3 _____ (horto, hortum, hortus) ludite.
Domine, servus _____ 4 _____ (tuum, tuae, tuus) mendacium dicit.
Magister, parvus _____ 5 _____ (puerorum, pueris, puer) in aquam cadit.
Dues mundum _____ 6 _____ (regis, regimes. regit).
_____ 7 _____ (stultus, stultorum. Stulti) asini pulchram lunam non vident.
Equi reginae in _____ 8 _____ (altus, altas, altam) aquam cadunt.
Dic, "Deus _____ 9 _____ (sum, es, est) Bonus."
Puer, epistolam _____ 10 _____ (meus, meis, meam) ad reginam mitte.
35. Regina cum poeta in scholam _____ 1 _____ (venimus, veniunt, venit).
Puellae per silvam ad _____ 2 _____ (scholam, schola, scholarum) veniunt.
Poeta cum _____ 3 _____ (nautarum, nautis, nauta) ad reginam venit.
Puellae post _____ 4 _____ (scholam, schola, scholarum) aquam potant.
_____ 5 _____ (Ancillae, Ancillis, Ancillas) rosis aram ornat.
Agricola in silva _____ 6 _____ (laborant, laboramus, laborat).
Regina ex _____ 7 _____ (scholarum, scholis, schola) venit.
Agricola hasta _____ 8 _____ (Nauta, nautis, nautam) vulnerat.
_____ 9 _____ (Filia, filiis, Filiae) rosis reginam delectant.
Aqua sub _____ 10 _____ (via, viarum, viam) venit.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)